

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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VICTOR TAGLE.

Case No. 3:16-cv-00222-RCJ-VPC

**Plaintiff,**

## ORDER

v.

**STATE OF NEVADA et al.,**

## Defendants.

15        This action is a *pro se* civil rights complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by  
16 a state prisoner. On December 6, 2016, this Court issued an order denying Plaintiff's  
17 application to proceed *in forma pauperis* because Plaintiff had "three strikes" pursuant to  
18 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). (ECF No. 8 at 1-2). The Court informed Plaintiff that if he did not  
19 pay the \$400.00 filing fee in full within thirty (30) days of the date of that order, the Court  
20 would dismiss the action without prejudice. (*Id.* at 2). The thirty-day period has now  
21 expired and Plaintiff has not paid the full filing fee of \$400.00.<sup>1</sup>

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and “[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal” of a case. *Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles*, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party’s failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules.

<sup>1</sup> Plaintiff has filed an objection to the Court's order. (ECF No. 8). To the extent that this is a motion for reconsideration to Plaintiff's three strikes status, the Court denies the motion because Plaintiff has three strikes.

1       See *Ghazali v. Moran*, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance  
2 with local rule); *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal  
3 for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); *Carey v. King*, 856  
4 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring  
5 *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833  
6 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); *Henderson*  
7 *v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and  
8 failure to comply with local rules).

9              In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey  
10 a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors:  
11 (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to  
12 manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring  
13 disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives.  
14 *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130;  
15 *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

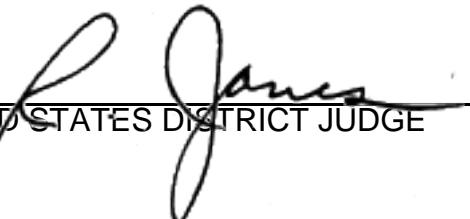
16              In the instant case, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in  
17 expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket,  
18 weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs  
19 in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of  
20 unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See  
21 *Anderson v. Air West*, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public policy  
22 favoring disposition of cases on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor  
23 of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey  
24 the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives"  
25 requirement. *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1262; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 132-33; *Henderson*, 779  
26 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Plaintiff to pay the full filing fee within thirty (30)  
27 days expressly stated: "It is further ordered that this action will be dismissed without  
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1 prejudice unless Plaintiff pays the \$400.00 filing fee in full within thirty (30) days of entry  
2 of this order." (ECF No. 8 at 2). Thus, Plaintiff had adequate warning that dismissal  
3 would result from his noncompliance with the Court's order to pay the full filing fee within  
4 thirty (30) days.

5 It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on  
6 Plaintiff's failure to pay the \$400.00 filing fee in compliance with this Court's December 6,  
7 2016, order.

8 It is further ordered that the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment accordingly.  
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10 Dated: This 16<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2017.

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13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
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